**Honors U.S. History**

**“Library Research Assignment – The Civil Rights Movement – Part III”**

**Mr. Fernandez**

Click on the button under “Unit Eleven,” beginning with “A New Civil Rights Movement” and answer the following questions:

1. Specifically explain how the Supreme Court overturned a precedent, which dated back to 1896, with the decision in *Brown* (1954).
2. Read the Fourteenth Amendment. What or whom does it protect? Why did civil rights leaders in the 1960s invoke this amendment at the Supreme Court level?
3. Identify and explain the significance of the following:
	1. Jim Crow (www.ferris.edu/jimcrow/what.htm)
	2. Jackie Robinson
	3. Earl Warren
	4. Thurgood Marshall
	5. George Wallace
	6. Rosa Parks
	7. Ralph Abernathy
4. Explain the history of civil disobedience and how it relates to Dr. King’s philosophy.

1. Was Dr. King’s approach more in line with the thoughts of Booker T. Washington or W.E.B. Dubois from the 19th century civil rights movement?
2. Would Dr. King’s place in history have been so prominent were not for his assassination?
3. Describe President Eisenhower’s response to Governor Faubus’s refusal to desegregate the public schools in Arkansas.
4. Click on “The Greensboro Sit-Ins” at the top and left of page 54d and answer the following:
	1. In what way did the media shape the civil rights movement?
	2. How did the civil rights movement take shape in the North?
	3. Describe the physical and psychological strength it would have taken to participate in a sit-in.
	4. Who was Clarence “Curly” harris?
	5. What did the Greensboro Four particularly dislike about Woolworth’s?
5. What events caused to the Interstate Commerce Commission to ban segregation on interstate travel?
6. Identify and explain the significance of the following:
	1. James Meredith
	2. Bull Connor
	3. Medgar Evers
	4. 24th Amendment
	5. Voting Rights Act of 1965
7. Click on “Six Dead After Church Bombing” and read the article from 1963.
8. Read Dr. King’s “I Have a Dream” speech.
	1. What “check” was Dr. King referring to in this speech?
	2. What did he mean by, “meeting physical force with soul force?”
	3. What elements of this speech make it so powerful?
9. Describe the “Long, Hot Summer” of 1965.
10. What were the findings of the Kerner Commission, created by President Johnson?
11. Compare and contrast the philosophies of Dr. King and Malcolm X. Who was more successful in bringing about change in America?
12. Read about Black Power and identify the following:
	1. Stokely Carmichael
	2. Floyd McKissick
	3. Black Panthers
	4. James Brown

Take the review quiz at the bottom of pg. 54i…. you might see these questions again sometime soon!