**Honors U.S. History**

**“Special Unit Four – Geography Exercises”**

**Mr. Fernandez**

**Map #49 “Choosing Sides”**

1. Using your text or a reference map, label the states and territories outlined on the map.
2. Use different colors or textures to identify the following:
   1. Free states
   2. Slave states loyal to the Union
   3. States that seceded prior to April 14, 1861
   4. States that seceded after April 14, 1861
   5. Which states were known as the “border states?”
3. Create a key in the box provided.

**Map #50 “Major Battles of the Civil War”**

1. Locate and label the states outlined on the map, the Tennessee, Cumberland, and Mississippi Rivers, and the Appalachian Mountains. Use different patterns or colors to identify Union and Confederate states.
2. Fill in the blanks for each of the following and then identify each on your map with the corresponding letter:
   1. The Battle of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in July 1861 was the first battle to take place in Virginia.
   2. The Confederate army’s attack on Fort \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ signaled the start of the Civil War.
   3. General Grant captured Fort \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the Tennessee River and Fort \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the Cumberland River in February 1862.
   4. Generals Johnston and Beauregard tried to defeat Grant near \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a country meeting house, or church, in Tennessee on the banks of the Tennessee River.
   5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the capital of the Confederacy, fell to Union troops in April 1865.
   6. On September 17, 1862, McClellan and Lee clashed at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, marking one of the bloodiest days in the war.
   7. At the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, General Meade forced Confederate troops to retreat from Pennsylvania.
   8. After a six week siege, the city of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finally surrendered to Grant’s army.
   9. General Sherman destroyed most of the city of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Georgia, as part of the strategy of “Total War.”
   10. General Lee surrendered to General Grant at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on April 9, 1865.
3. Use solid lines to show how the Anaconda Plan divided the South into three theaters of war. How did the plan use geography? Explain how the naval blockade affected the South.
4. Create a key in the box provided.

**Map #51 “The Civil War in the East”**

1. Using your textbook or a reference map, identify and label the following:
   1. Richmond
   2. Maryland
   3. West Virginia
   4. James River
   5. Potomac River
   6. Washington, D.C.
   7. Pennsylvania
   8. Virginia
   9. York River
   10. Chesapeake Bay
2. Identify and label the following battle sites:
   1. Seven Days’ Battle
   2. Antietam
   3. Chancellorsville
   4. Bull Run
   5. Harper’s Ferry
   6. Fredericksburg
   7. Gettysburg
3. Identify and label the following actions:
   1. Lee’s advance at Antietam
   2. McClellan’s attack on Lee at Antietam
   3. Lee’s attack on Gettysburg
   4. Meade’s defense of Gettysburg

**Map #52 “Union Advances”**

1. Using your textbook or reference map, identify and label the following:
   1. Richmond
   2. Savannah
   3. Appalachian Mountains
   4. Tennessee River
   5. Nashville
   6. Ft. Sumter
   7. Mississippi River
   8. Cumberland River
2. Locate and label the following battle sites:
   1. Ft. Donelson
   2. Shiloh
   3. Jackson
   4. New Orleans
   5. Chattanooga
   6. Ft. Henry
   7. Memphis
   8. Vicksburg
   9. Port Hudson
   10. Atlanta
3. Using colors or patterns, identify and label the following routes of the Union and Confederate armies:
   1. Grant’s series of victories along the Mississippi River
   2. Beauregard’s defense of Shiloh
   3. Sherman’s “march to the sea”
   4. Bragg’s advance from Atlanta to Chattanooga